

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JAN. 22, 1902

REPRESENTATIVE RIXEY is quoted as saying that he will press his bill for the admission of old Confederates to the soldiers' homes of the national government, regardless of its unpopularity, satisfied that he is right. There are, perhaps, a few persons in the South who will agree with him-certainly not many. The following from the Mobile Register can be accepted as the view of most every man who wore the gray:

Mr. Rixey, of Virginia, may say that until southerners take proper care of the old Confederates they let their pride, rather than their reason, dictate when they reject his proposition to have Confederate veterans admitted to the national homes for soldiers. Looked at with the unimpassioned mind, the position of the Virginia member is seen to be logically correct; but, we ask, Who of the south can so look at it? Not even the Confederate vetarans themselves would regard it favorably. They would rather have the crust from the hands of southerners than feast every day in homes that were erected pri-marily for the reception of northern day in homee that were erected pri-marily for the reception of nothern veterans. "It is not all to live," says the poet. Food and shelter are not everything to a man who has had the spirit of American independence in-stilled into him. He will gratefully accept the dole from his own people, even though it be but niggardly given. He will not appeal to those upon whose charity he has no c aim.

Mr. Rixey means well, and his action in this matter should not cost him the friendship or good opinion of one man in the State or in the South. The proposition, however, is an unpopular one, and it has been said "a blunder is worse than a crime." The war was started forty-one years ago and was supposed to have ceased in 1865. That such is not the case finds expressive evidence in the one hundred and forty million dollar pension bill which passed the lower house of Congress last week. The people of the South receive but little of this immense sum of money, and want none, if to procure any portion of it is conditioned that they must "bend the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrift may follow fawning." No, they want no mixed soldiers' homes, any more than mixed schools; both ideas are abhorent, not only to the old southern vetersn but to his descendants also. If the national government wishes to do tardy justice to the southern people and assist the old "Confed," let those who control its affairs turn over to the southern States the amounts received from the sale of abandoned property, the money for which is now in the federal treasury, and the South will look after its needy worthy veterans. Governments like individuals should be just before being generous, and southern people desire nothing if doled out to them in the name of charity. The "gushers" only make the people of the South ridiculous in the opinion of the North and West, add nothing to their own peace of mind, and almost cause a self-contempt.

A LONDON cablegram states that the proposed shipping deal contemplates only the establisment of higher ocean freight rates, but it is known that the combination intends to raise the price of passenger tickets on trans-Atlantic steamers during the coming season. That the American, Leyland, White Star and Cunard lines of steamships are in the amalgamation is posttively asserted in English shipping circles notwithstanding Pierpont Mor gan's denials, and it is stated today that twenty-six other companies are in the deal. The announcement of this has given the ship subsidy bill a decided set-back, and those interested in getting that bill through Congress have been placed at a disadvantage. It is believed that the divulging of the proposed consolidation is occasioning much exasperation among those who are endeavoring to extort money from Congress for the benefit of private enterprises.

BRIG. GEN. HUGHES, formerly in command of the military department of the Visayas, composing the islands of Samar and Jolo, is in Washington, The General admits that the island of Samar has not yet been subdued, and he thinks that the most rigid warfare will have to be maintained by the United States forces before the straying bands of insurrectionists can be forced to surrender. That this country has a stupendous and costly task before it in subduing the inhabitants of the Philippire Islands becomes more apparent every day. There is no computing the cost of the insane enterprise, nor is there of the lives which are yet to be sacrificed

LORD CRANBCENE'S announcement in the British House of Commons on Monday regarding England's attitude during the Spanish-American war was only an official state ment of what every one knew who has read closely during the past two or three years. The United States was perfectly well aware of the attitude of each European government before war was declared against Spain and took good care to be satisfied on this important point before the conflict. There is an other European nation that refused to join in

the declaration of war between Spain and the United States, Austria began a peace prepagands. France was ready to second the efforts. Germany, and Eussia maintained s passive attitude. German foreign officials declare that Germany never proposed interven-tion ner supported any such proposition made by other powers. With the thorough understanding between this government and Eagland in 1898, there is every reason to believe that a similar understanding existed between them before England declared war against South Africa and still more reason for the belief that the United States agreed to render no aid to the Boers and would have ntervened should any other nation have attempted to do so.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Alexandria Gasette.

Washington, January 22. The National Board of Trade at its The National Board of Trade at its meeting this morning heard with expressions of approval the report of the committee on postal affairs recommending penny postage. The committee advanced the opinion that penny postage would be possible if the government free postage, which is said to cover 60 per cent of the mails, should be eliminated. A report from the committee on Chinese immigration recommittee on Chinese immigration recom-

be eliminated. A report from the committee on Chinese immigration recommending that no atcion be taken beyond that allowed under the present trade treaty was adopted. The convention approved the report suggesting the adoption by Congress of the metric system of weights and measures.

Representative Jenkins of Wisconsin today introduced a resolution in the House amending the constitution providing a new line of presidential succession. The President pro tem of the Senate is to succeed the Vice President of the United States in case of the latter's death or insbility and is to be in direct line of presidential seccession in direct line of presidential seccession

in direct line of presidential seccession thereafter.
President Roosevelt today appointed Prof. Samuel McCune Lindsay, assistant professor of sociology at the University of Pennsylvania, to be commissioner of education of Porto Rico.
The President today appointed Geo.
P. Dunham, of Ohio, to be deputy auditor of the Interior department.
Oscar Malmros, U. S. Consul at Colon, in a cablegram to the State department this morning says that a con-

partment this morning says that a con-certed attack on Colon by the in-surgents is hourly expected.

The Committee on arrangements for the visit of Prince Henry met at the State department today and decided to place Boston, Chicago and St. Louis on the Prince's itinerary. The claims of other cities have not yet been passed

Fifteen soldiers of the Eleventh Cay alry deserted just before that command left Washington for New York en route to the Philippines. Some of them were

captured.

Among the bills introduced in the Houst today was one by Bepresentative H C. Smith of Michigan, fixing salaries of rural free de livery carriers at \$600 the first, \$720 the second, and \$800 the third and subsequency sears. Bepresentative Naphen introduced resolutions providing constitutional amendements giving Congress the right to pass uniform marriage and divorce laws and to suppress combinations in restraint of trade.

The House committee on ways and mean

form marriage and divorce laws and to suppress combinations in restraint of trade.

The House committee on ways and means today granted hearings to representatives of American sugar interests. Cuban Commissioner Place announced that although he advocated free trade, his countrymen would be content with any concessions made by the committee. Mr. Oxnard, president of the American Beet Sugar Association, declared that the movement for a reduction of the duties on sugar was really a secret movement by the American Sugar Trust. To grant a reduction would strike down American industries. Mr. Oxnard shaving maintained that the sugar trust was behind the movement for reduced duties, Representative Richardson of Tennessee, read the President's recommendation on the subject. "Do you maintain then," he asked, "that the President was in leagus with the trust." Oxnard said the President and the Secretary of War did not know all the facts.

Dr. Silva, the Colombian minister, had a conference today with Rear Admiral Walker, president of the canal commission, in which he cutlined Colombis's attitude toward the the Fanamas canal project. Colombia is willing to give the United States absolute con-

he outlined Colombia's attitude toward the the Fanama casal project. Colombia is willing to give the United States absolute control of the zone through which the canal will pass, but it will not surrender its sovereignty over the territory. Colombia will want an annual rental from the United States and will lease the right of way across the isthmus for a term of two hundred years with the privilege of renewal. The Panama Bailroad pays an annual rental of \$250,000 to the Colombias government. In 40 years the railroad would become the property of the government. Colombia holds stock to the French canal company to the value of \$1,000,000. Minister Silva told Admiral Walker that if the United States decided on the Panama route the Colombian government would surrender its annual rental from the would surrender its annual rental from the railroad, its right to control the road after 40 years and its shares in the French Canal

years and its shares in the French Canal Company.

The Senate yesterday evening made the following confirmations of Virginians: To be United States Attorney, Thomas Lee Moore, for the Western District of Virginia. Postmasters: Luzern P, Harper, Suffolk; James Craig, Waynesboro; William T, Miller, Shenandoah; John N. Davis, Woodstock; Hansford Anderson, West Point; Joseph W. Waddy, Buena Vista; John B. Kimberley, Fort Monroe; Thomas W. Carter, Orange.

Marshal S. Brown Allen and J. Hampton Hoge have returned to their homes, Marshall Treat has arrived from Richmond and Mr. George E. Bowden is expected today Mr. George E. Bowden is expected today when there may be a final visit of the Vir-ginia "organization" republicans to the White House before the important appointments are

SMALLEST BABY EVER KNOWN .-Dr. W. F. Gilliam, of Owensboro, Ky. who has been practicing medicine for 32 years, tells a story of the birth and growth of a baby girl which is uu-paralleled in medical experience. The parents of the child are Mr. and

The parents of the child are Mr. and Mrs. Clint McMurtry. On January 28 Dr. Gilliam was called to attend Mrs. McMurtry for pneumonia. She gave premature birth to a baby girl, 10 inches in length. Its head was soit and no larger than a lemon and its thighs were about the size of a man's finger. Dr. Gilliam had the babe wranged in cetter and the table. wrapped in cotton and told the father that it could not live over an hour. On returning next day, 18 hours later, Dr. Gilliam was astonished to find the babe alive. He gave it a little milk, and when it survived the second day took great interest in the case, and saw to it that she weakling was given every attention. At the end of 16 days the infant was dressed for the first time. At the end of three months it weighed 20 ounces and awoke for the

The following were the proceedings of the Court of Appeals yesterday. Sinclair vs. Young and others, argued

and submitted. Rowland Lumber Company vs. P.
Sanford or corporation, argued and
continued until today.

The next cases to be called are O. H.

other European nation that refused to join in Perry Tie and Lumber Company vs. a note to this country, but its name is not Reynolds & Brother and Meyer vs. given. Austrian officials admit that before Meyer—Nos. 34 and 35.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Aubrey Thomas De Vere, the Irish poet, is dead. He was 88 years old. A plan for reorganizing the Bureau of American Republics has been adopted at the Pan-American Congress.

The British House of Commons, by vote of 383 to 123, yesterday rejected an amendment adverse to the govern-

The Comptroller of the Carrency says the national banks of the United States are in a highly prosperous con-

By a strict party vote both houses of the Iowa Legislature yesterday re-elected United States Senators Allison

Capt. Benjamin M. Harrison, jr., of the Seventh Infantry, was shot from ambush and killed January 2 in the easterh part of Samar. Bishop Whitaker, of the Episcopa

diocese of Pennsylvania, it is announced through Bishop J. F. Spelding, has called for a bishop coadjutor. Ex-Governor Shaw, the new Secre

tary of the Tressury's an earnest advocate of the proposition for the government ownership of the telegraphs.

James W. Piumkett, a soldier at Los Angeles, Cal., who was supposed to be dying of consumption has coughed up a bayonet tip that had lodged in his lung.

Miss Julia Hayes, the sister of Mayor Hayes of Baltimore, was severely in jured by a fall on the ice-covered pave ment in front of her home, in that city, vesterday. William H. Hoffmeister, of St. Louis

former supreme recorder of the Legion of Honor, was defeated for re-election and committed suicide last night by shooting himself. Camilla Urso, who in private life was Mrs. Frederic Lucre, for many years a violiniste famous in Europe and Amer-

ica, died at the New York Infirmary, on Monday after a brief illness. Senstor Morgan of Alabams yester day introduced a bill authorizing the President to nominate Gen. James

Longstreet, a major on the retired list, U.S.A. He held this rank in the U. S. army before the civil war. Miss Margaret Sohley, 16 years of age, the daughter of Mr. Gilmor Schley. of Frederick, Md., and a relative of Admiral Schley, yesterday eloped with Samuel Ramsburg, of Frederick, the couple being married at G. ttysburg, Pa.

Representative Smith, of Michigan, a member of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, has introduced a resolution directing the State department to request the British government to withhold the sentence of death passed on Commander Scheepers, who is about

The House yesterday resumed con sideration of the urgest deficiency Appropriation bill. The debate took a wide lat tude and members discussed the advisability of retaining control of the Philippines and of reclaiming the arid lands of the West. In the Senate Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, made a speech defending the Philippine tariff bill. Mr. Rawlings, of Utah, criticised vigorously the policy of the administration in the Philippines.

It now appears likely that the republicans of the House of Represent-atives will hold a caucus within the next 30 days to consider the subject of a reduction in representation from States which have disfranchised certain classes of citizens. Republicans from southern States who apparently are working in unison have been opposing the call for this caucus, but their opposition has apparently been unsuccess ful. When the coucus is held they will renew the fight and antagonize the proposition to commit the majority party as represented in the House to a

plan for reduction.

Anarchiete will receive a warm welcome if they attempt to interfere with the festivities being arranged in honor and charming personality. Prince O:to of the visit of Prince Henry to this is 28 years of age. country, An elaborate system is being worked out by the secret service men, Importance of Prince Henry's Visite of every anarchist in the country will be accurately known. It will be practi cally impossible for any malignant to gain access to the persons of President Roosevelt or Prince Henry during the festivities. During Prince Henry's tour of the country, which will be quite extensive, a close, but unobtrusive, guard will be kept upon his person.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The celebration at Leesburg of the birthday of Gen. Robert E. Lee was a notable occasion in the history of that town.

Jacob H. Davis, aged 24 years, a mill er, committed suicide near Danville, yesterday. It is reported ha had been disappointed in a love affair.

Robert Doswell, of Hanover county, eldest son of the late George W. Dos-well, died on Sunday at the Old Dominion Hospital, Richmond, of lock-

Sunday last the store of W. E. Baker at Dogue, King George county, was broken into and money to the amount of a few dollars left in the money drawer was taken. Baker and family live in the store and had gone but a short time to a neighbor's.

Nell Stainback, the 18 year old negro who on Saturday last brutally assaulted Mrs. Elizabeth Preuffer, near Portsmouth, was convicted in the County Court yesterday. The jury after being out half an bour brought in a verdict of guilty and Judge Portlock sentenced Stainback to be hanged March 12. John L. Pearce, cashier of the Stan-

dard Oil Company's branch at Norfolk, was found dead in a boat at that city yesterday. His death resulted from acute pulmonary congestion and exposure, together with congestion of the kidneys. Mr. Pearce's friends, fear that he was murdered, although they are totally unable to assign a motive for the

Mrs. Ralph Webber, of Lynchburg, who was assaulted on January 11 at her home in that city and was left for dead with her throat cut, went to Roanoke last night, accompanied by Sergeant John Seay, Dr. Lyle, and her husband and identified her assailant, weighed 20 ounces and awoke for the first time. The child is now almost a year old and weighs 14 pounds. It is healthy and thriving.

COURT OF APPEALS.

The following were the proceedings and left her for dead, He says he stated to the first time. The following were the proceedings and left her for dead, He says he stood outside the Webber residence and mingled with the crowd while the doctors were sewing up the wounds. The negro also also confessed to having made an attempt to assault a white girl in a hospital at Lynchburg, while the girl was a patient in the institution.
Under heavy guard of troops, Higginbotham will be taken back to Lynchburg today for his trial.

Foreign News. London, Jan. 22 —Truth today says that King Edward has invited King Alfonso, of Spain, to visit England in

Vienns, Jan. 22 .- Wolves today de-Vienns, Jan. 22.—Wolves today devoured an entire wedding party near Usloes, in Servis. The party consisted of the bride and bridegroom and twenty guests, and the beasts made their attack shortly after the party left the church where the marriage had been celebrated. From signs left upon been celebrated. From signs leit upon the snow, it is judged that the victims fought fratt cally for their lives and that the wolf-pack contained hundreds. Portsmouth, Eng., Jan. 22.—A rumor is current here that an accident has befallen the torpedo destroyer Crane,

off Falmouth.
Manchester, Jan. 22.—The Guardian

today says it has good reason to believe that Kaiser Wilbelm is indirectly using his good offices to bring about peace in South Africa. Vienna, Jan. 22.-A disastrous fire

wept over the town of Franknovaraijs, Hungary, today, and left death and desolation in its path. Two hun-dred houses were burned, six persons lost their lives and 1,000 were left Monte Carlo, Jan. 22,-All the

in Monaco Bay have been poisoned by an overflow of the acid used in filling Santos-Dumont's dirigible balloon, in which be intends to make his Mediterranean experiment,

Memorial Services at Fregmore.

Windsor, Eng., Jan. 22.—A solemn memorial service commenced at noon today at the royal mansoleum at Frog-more, to mark Queen Victoria's death, together with the death of her Prince Consort, whose anniversary on January 14 was this year omitted. The ceremony at the mausoleum was most sim-ple, occupying about half an hour. King Edward, Queen Alexahdra, the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Fife, and most of the royal family were present, attended by the household officials with Premier Salisbury as a special guests. The Bishop of Winchester, assisted by the Dean of Windsor, officiated at the services. The Windsor, officiated at the services. The technicities of St. George's Chapel gave por the choral programme including "How Blessed are They," and "The Face of Death." The King and Queen, after laying wreaths of white flowers and violets on the tomb, knelt alongside the fraction of the company in prayer, while minute we sarcophagus in prayer, while minute gans were fired.

During the service at Frogmore, the king's accession to the throne was being celebrated at St. George's chapel, Windsor Castle, a half mile away, and the war ships in Sheerness harbor thundered alutes in King Edward's honor.

Renounced Her Rights by Marriage.

Vi-nus, Jan. 22 .- The Archduchess Elizabeth, daughter of the Princess Sephanie and the late Crown Prince Rudolph, was married at noon today to Prince Otto von Windesobgraetz, in the Grand Hall of the imperial palace. The wedding of this member of Austria's proudest branch, who was willing to renounce her rights to wed the man the palace of the palace. of her choice, a poor lieutenant in the Austrian army, was graced by the presence of Emperor Frans Josef, sur-rounded by archdukes and archduch esses, the members of his cabinet, representatives of the army and navy, and members of the nobilty. The Archduchess took her oath of renunciation of claims to the throne, before a crucifix with her right hand on the Bible. When the announcement of the en-gagement was made, it aroused a storm of opposition on the part of the royal family but they were finally won over, with the exception of Archduke Ferdinand, the heir presumptive, and his brother, Archduke Otio, who went abroad to show their disapproval of the match. The Archduchess Elizabeth is but 18 years of age and has a winning

today liberal deputy Barth expressed himself as feeling much satisfaction over Prince Henry's proposed trip to the United States, to which he at rib-uted the greatest importance. He expressed the hope that Germany would have no trouble in her relations with the United States because of existing economical difficulties. Count Van Buelow, the Imperial Chancellor, replied to Dr. Barth, stating that such economical difficulties are not to be over-estimated. "We desire ardert'y," to come to a commercial agree ment with America on a basis of full reciprocity. Prince Henry's trip is an expression of this desire."

From South Africa, London, Jan. 22 .- An official dispatch from Johannesburg, received at the War office today, says: "On Jan. 20 Methuen overtook a commando near Boschpoort and, after a running fight Boscopoort and, after a running ngot of eight miles, captured a laager, taking 24 prisoners and a quantity of cattle. Bruce Hamilton marched against Botha, who shifted his position, and but twenty-seven of his force were cap-tured. Colen Brander attacked Steen-kamp's commando and killed one man and took 7 prisoners."

Wedding. Philadelphia, Jan. 22.— Miss Elsie Foster Cessatt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cassatt, was married at noon today to W. Plunkett Stewart, of Baltimore. The ceremony was performed in St. James Episcopal Church. Miss Cassait made her debut several years ago. Her mother was Miss Lois Buchanan, a grandniece of President Buch-anan. Mr. Stewart is a son of the late 838B. Morton Stewart, of Baltimore, and is a member of the old Maryland family of

The Patrick Trial.

New York, Jan. 22.—Nine jurors have been selected to try Albert T. Patrick on the charge of murder of William Marsh Rice. It is hoped that the remaining jurors will be found today. It is learned today that the defease hopes to prove that Rice died of heart disease and medical experts will be produced to testify to that fact. Patrick's council claim that the doctors who performed the autopsy will not swear positively that Rice was chloroformed to death.

Disappointment Leads to Suicide. New Brunswick, N. J., Jan. 22. Failure o receive remittances from his father in termany caused Wa'ter Wild, a German Germany caused Wa'ter Wild, a German dyer, 55 years old, to commit suicide last night. Added to his father's forgetfulness was the neglect of Wild himself, who allowed a lot of clothing to spoil in a dye vat. This crazed him to such an extent that he drove his wife and children from their heme and then drank a mixture of chloroform.

The Market. Georgetewn, Jan. 22.-Wheat 75a82.

A committee of the Virginia Legislasure yesterday inspected the State stitutions at Staunton.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION. Matters pertaining to the govern-

ment of cities and towns occupied the attention of the Constitutional Convention yesterday. Mr. Meredith offered an amendment providing that cities and towns baying charters should re-tain the same until specially repealed, The amendment was accepted and as amended, section 2 was adopted. It is provided by section two that only general laws for the organization and government of cities and towns shall be passed by the general assembly, and no special act shall be adopted except in cases where the object of the act cannot be attained by general laws, and any incorporated community of less than 5,000 inhabitants, having a city charter at the time of the adoption of

the constitution.
Chairman Brooke submitted an amendment that the section should not prevent the abolition of any Hustings or Corporation Courts by towns so desiring it. This was adopted,
Mr. Hatton, of Portsmouth, secured

the adoption of an amendment to sec-tion 4, providing that in cities of less than 30,000 inhabitants there shall not be more than one court clerk elected. The term of clerks is fixed at eight vears.

There was an entertaining debate on the question of how commissioners of the revenue should be appointed. Mr. Glass, of Lynchburg, endeavored to have these officers appointed by the Judge of the Huetings Court. The con-vention finally decided that they should be chosen in the manner to be prescrib-ed by the General Assembly. Should they be chosen by popular vote, then ft is provided that city commissioners of revenue shall be incligible after one term. This same provision is made to the question of how commissioners of term. This same provision is made to

apply to county governments, also.

A highly entertaining debate occurred on an amendment to provide the treasurers should not be ineligible after their second terms. The city members appealed to their rural friends not to apply the rule that had been put upon them to the cities. This debate was pending on adjournment.

Members of the convention who are

members of the hoard of visitors of the University of Virginia deny the rumor that there is any deal between the friends of that institution and those ho favor long term senators, on a basis of reciprocity.
Mr. Turabull, of Brunswick, and Mr.

Hamilton, of Petersburg, addressed the surffage conference last night. The former spoke for an hour in support of nis plan, while Mr. Hamilton began an argument for the majority plan. He will conclude tonight. Mr. Turnbull addressed himself particularly to the conditions existing in the counties having a large negro population and argued that his plan was the best one yet oftered to meet these. Congressman Flood will speak tonight.

THE MEXICAN EARTHQUAKE. The earthquake shock felt in Guerrero and adjacent Mexican States-last week seems to have been attended by a larger loss of life than any event of the same kind in that part of the world for a long time. Mexico is peculiarly subject to such disturbances. Almost exactly two years ago she experienced one that was felt all over the republic. Water pipes were broken, railways in-terrupted and the walls of great buildings badly cracked, and yet few persons were killed. While, on the other hand, the mortality in and near Chilpancingo la t week was appalling, the vibration did not seriously disturb the national capital, only three hundred miles to the northward. It was felt there but

did little damage.

The coincidence between the earthquake in Guerrero and a fresh eruption at Colima is only one of many already on record. Another recent instance was that afforded by Italy in the summer of 1899. Etca developed special morning. Nothing but the walls are standing. Loss \$200,000 to \$250,000. activity and Rome was slightly shaken at almost the same instant. It has been noticed that volcanic action sometime precedes and sometimes follows ar earthquake. In the former case, it is believed, the presence of water in the lava leads to a teriffic explosion, and the tremors which are telt many miles away

result from that phenomenon.

When the order is reversed a different explanation is offered. Many earthquakes, no doubt, are due to a read-justment in badly crumpled rock strats, ike those of mountains, made necessary by shrinkage or other forces at work there. Possibly one part of the crust will sink and another rise. A number of narrow fissures are usually produced, and if one of them should occur in a neighboring volcano lava which might nct otherwise be able to escape will be liberated and an eruntion of moderate violence ensue. Colima, like the city of Chilpanciago, is near the Pacific coast of Mexico, but some three hundred miles away. The distance of the provincial capital of Guerrero from the volcano and the awful force of the nock at the former render it probable that the earthquake came first on this occasion .- [New York Tribune.

Richard Croker, accompanied by his son Harbert, and Signor Marconi, the inventor, were among the passengers who sailed from New York for Europe aboard the steamship Philadelphia today Croker said that he would Philadelphia today Croker said that he would devote all his attention new to his racing stable in the hope of capturing some of the big English races. He is especially anxious to win the Derby. The Croker suite on the steamer was filled with floral offerings from prominent Tammanyites. A farewell dinner was given Mr. Croker at the Democratic Club last night. He made a speech in which he said that he had forever retired from politics Mr Croker sailed this morning for Eogland where he will live for a year or more.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure a Cough or Cold at once. Conquer Croups, Whooping Cough and Measie Cough without fall. Best for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Grippe Pneumonis, Consumption and Lung Affec-tions. Gives quick, sure results. Price 25c Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggiets.

Children Especially Liable. Children Especially Liable.

Burns, bruises and cuts are extremely painful and if neglected often results in blood poisoning. Children are especially liable to such mishaps because not so carefal. As a remedy Dewlit's Witch Hazel Salve is une equalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Bewave of counterfeits Sure cure for piles. "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured my baby of extems after two physicians gave her up," writes James Mook, N. Webster, Ind. "The sores were so but she solied two to five dresses a day." For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

Mardi Gras, Pensacola, Mobile and New Orleans. On account of the above the Southern Rail-

way Company will sell round trip tickets to points named at one fare. Dates of sale February 15, except that by depositing tickets with joint agent and payment of fee of fifty cents, extension of final limit for February 28, may be obtained.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 22. SENATE.

In the Senste this morning Mr. Teller introduced a resolution calling upon the President of the United States to request Great Britain to set aside, in the interests of humanity, the death settince imposed upon Commandant Scheepers, of the Orange Free State army, who was cartured while lying sick and wounded in a hospital. Mr. Teller, in announcing his intention to call the resolution up for action to-morrow, stated that such settince of death was in opposition to articles one and five of the Geneva convert on. He than only by a recorded vote of twothirds of the members elected to each
house of the general assembly. It provides nothing to repeal the charters of
vides nothing to repeal the charters of action by this government or some other that had the interests of humanity in view.
At 12:80 o'clock the bill providing for

a department of commerce was called up by Mr. Nelson.

Much opposition to certain festures of the bill developed. There was read a letter from Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, opposing the creation of such a department before the wast labor interests of the country had representation in the President's official family. If the measure was to receive the ap proval of the Senate, he would requein the interest of labor that the depart-ment of labor be not included in the

new department as proposed.

At 2 o'clock, the Philippine tariff At 2 o'clock, the Philippine tariff bill was laid before the Senate, but as there was no one prepared to speak on the messure, it was temporarily laid aside.

The Senate went into executive ses sion at 2:35 o'clock.

HOUSE.

The House took up the urgent de-ficiency bill today in committee of the whole as soon as the opening prelimi-naries had been disposed of. It was decided that general debate on the bill would close ot 2:20, after which the members would talk under the five

minute rule.

Messre, Pierce, Candler and Zenor, democrats, spoke against the appro-priations for Philippine expenses. Mr. Watson made a flowery speech

on the Philippine policy of the republi-can party. He referred to the system of robbery in vogue under the Spanish regime and showed that the United States is giving the Filipinos all the money raised in the islands.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

It is feared another accident has occurred to workmen engaged in the tun-nel at Cleveland, Ohio. It is believed they struck a pocket of gas which was time ago. The crib in which the men are at work is four miles out on Lake

The heaviest snow storm which has visited western New York in many yis ted wettern New York in many years began yesterday morning and at noon today it was estimated that on the level there had been a fall of at least twenty one inches. The heavy damp character of the snow offered the greatest impediment to all traffic. The Central railroad, of New Jersey, ferry

The Central railroad, of New Jersey, ferry-boats Lakewood and Bond Brook came in collision in midstream North river shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon. Both boats were damaged. A woman passenger on the Lakewood was slightly hurt. The Lake-wood proceeded under her own steam to her slip in Jersey City. The Bound Brook pass-ed to the New York side.

La Africana cigarette factory and the store-houses of La Africana cigar factory in Ha-vana, one of the most famous establishments of Cubs, were destroyed by fire at 3 o'clock this morning.

Horses attached to a sleigh ran away in Cambridge, Mass, last night with the result that one man was killed, another fatally in-jured and three others painfully burt,

OFFICIAL.

An ordinance to authorize the Southern Railway Company to construct, maintain and operate with its locomotive engines and care a single railway track on the east side of Union Street from the north side of Fayette Alley on Union Street to the south side of King Street.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Alexandria that the Southern Railway Company be and is hereby authorized and empowered to construct, maintain and operate with its locomative engines and care a single railway track on the east side of

Section 3. Be it further ordained that the Section 3. Be it further ordained that the said track shall not obstruct the ordinary use of the street upon wheb it shall be laid, and that all work upon the same shall be done unfer the supervision of the City Engineer. Section 4. That the said Company shall use rails of pattern to be approved by the City Engineer and Committee on Streets, and shall lay them according to the standard gauge, and shall keep the track and space between the track and two feet on each side thereof paved and in good repair. Section 4. This ordinance shall be in force from its passage.

Section 4. This ordinance shall be in lotter from its passage.

Passed Common Council Dec. 10, 1901.

F. J. PAFF, President.

Passed Board of Aidormen Dec. 10, 1901.

J. R. N. CURT'IN President pro tem.

Approved Dec. 13, 1901.

GEO. L. SIMPSON, Mayor.

Teste: D. R. STANSBURY, Clerk C. C.

Teste: D. E. STANSBURY, Clork C. C.

An ordinance to provide for the grading and paving of the north alley running east from Fayette street between Cameron and Ring streats, and for the assessment of the cests thereof under the thirty-third section of the City Charter.

Whereas, in the opinion of the City Council of Alexandris, Va., it is expedient for the public health, and for sanitary purposes, that the north alley running east from Fayette street between Cameron and King streets should be graded and paved,

And whereas, after due notice the owners of the real estate abutting upon said alley have failed to have said clity Council,

Therefor, Be it ordained by the City Council of Alexandris, Vs.,

Section 1. That the City Engineer shall forthwith have said alley graded and paved with cobbic stores and brick in such a manner as to put said alley in a thoroughly sanitary condition.

Section 2. Be it further ordained, That the

ber as to put said alley in a thoroughly sanitary condition.
Section 2. Be it further ordained, That the
total costs and expenses of said improvement
shall be hereafter ascertained and ascessed
against the property binding on said alley in
accordance with the provisions of the thirtythird section of the charter of this city,
Section 3. Be it further ordained, That the
sum of one hundred and fifty (150) dollars,
or as much thereof as may be necessary, is
hereby appropriated for doing the work as
above sot forth.
Section 4. This ordinance shall be in force
from its passage,

Passed Common Council Dec. 10, 1901, F. J. PAFF, President. Passed Board of Aldermer, Dec. 10, 1901, J. B. N. CUBTIN, President pro tem. Approved Dec. 12, 1901, GEO. L. SIMPSON, Mayor. Teste: DANIEL B. STANSBURY, Clerk, C. C.

AN ORDINANCE to alter boundaries of the city of Alexandria, Virginia, for assessment and taxtion purposes so as to conform with the present boundaries for election pur-

poses.
Section 1. Be it ordained by the City
Council of Alexandria, Vs., That the city
shall be divided into four wards for assessment and taxation our roses so as to conform
with the present boundaries for election purposes, as follows:
The First ward shall comprise all that part
of the said city lying east of the middle of

of the said city lying east of the middle of Pitt street, and south of the middle of Prince

reet. The Second ward shall comprise all that part of said city lying east of the middle of Ptt street, and north of the middle of Prince

strest.

The Third ward shall comprise all that part of said city lying west of the middle of Pitt street, and north of the middle of Prince

The Fourth ward shall comprise all that part of said city lying west of the middle of Pitt street and south of the middle of Prince

Se tion 2.-This ordinance shall be in

street.
Se tion 2.—This ordinance shall be in force from i's passage.

Passed the Common Council Jan. 14, 1902.
F. J. PAFF, President.

Passed the Board of Aiderman Jan. 14, 1902.
J. T. SWEENEY, President
Approved Jan. 16, 1902.
GEO. L. S. MPHIN, Mayor.

Teste: DANIEL B. STANSBURY, lerk, C. C. AN ORDINANCE fixing the saisry of the Clerk of the Common Council.

Be it ordained by the City Council of Alexandria, Va., That on and after January 1, 1902, the saiary of the clerk of the Common Council shall be two hundred and fity dollars (\$250) per annum.

Passed Common Council January 14, 1902.
FRED. J. PAFF, President.
Passed Board of Allermen Jan. 14, 1802.
J. T. SWEENEY, President.
Approved January 16, 1902.
GEO. L. SIMPSON, Mayor.

Teste: DANIEL B. STANSBURY Clerk C. C.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

New York, Jan. 22. The stock market opened with moderate trading and prices, while somewhat irregular, showed a disposition toward improvement. The general market shows a better undertone than in some days.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA Flour Extra..... 2 75 3 50 Family..... Fancy brands.... Wheat, longberry,... 0 68 0 70 0 70 0 65 Damp and tough...
Corn, white
Mixed....
Yellow Oats, mixed... White..... Eggs Live Chickens (hens).....

DRY GOODS.

Woodward & Lothrop

10th, 11th and F sts. A. W.

Linen Department

(Second Floor.) rs a collection of the well known "Shamrock" brand of John S Brown & Sons' Belfast Linens, consisting of Damask Table Cloths, Hemstitched Damask Doilies. Embroidered Linen

Tea Cloths and Hemstitched Lines Towels, at a Reduction of 25 per cent. from regular prices.

In Connection With the Above We Offer:

20x38-inch Hemmed Huck Towels, \$1.50 per dozen. 23x45-inch Hemstitched All-lines Huch

\$3 00 per dozen. 21x43-inch Hemstitchof Linen Hucksack Towels. \$4 00 per dozen. Regular value, \$5.00.

22x43-inch Colored Bordered Hemstitched Damask Towols. 37½c each. Regular value, 50c each. German Silver-bleached Table Cloths. 2x21 yds, \$1.75. Value, \$2.25 2x3 yds., \$2 each. Value, \$2.65. Haif-bieached Muslin Sheets; will bleach

63x90 inches, 45c each. 81x90 inches, 50c each. 90x90 inches, 55c each.

-At which prices they are much lower than the selling price of the goods by the yard. Full s so White Crochet Bed Spreads, with fringe all around. \$1.00 each.

Second floor.

A Sale of Silk Petticoats

A Third Less Than Usual. Taffeta Silk Perticosts, of a very good quality, with graduated accordion-platted dounce edged with quilling—black and all the desirable colors.

\$5 00 each. Regular price, \$7.50. Taffeta Siik Petticoats, fine quality, with deep accordion-plaited flource, edged with narrow roffls and headed with quilling; extra dust ruffls. Black and fashionable colors.

\$7.50 each. Regular price, \$10. second floor-Tenth street,

GOODS DELIVEERD IN ALEXAN-DRIA. Woodward & Lothrop.

10th, 11th & F Sts., n. w.,

WASHINGTON, D. C.